

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to GB13690-2009, GB/T16483-2008、Globally Harmonized System of Classification & Labelling of Chemicals(GHS)

VULKACIT CZ/EG-C

05891876

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : VULKACIT CZ/EG-C
Uses : Accelerator

Supplier/Manufacturer : LANXESS Chemical (China) Co., Ltd.
6th Floor, 5 Corporate Avenue
No. 150, Hu Bin Road
Shanghai, 200021, P.R. China
tele:021-61096666
朗盛化学(中国)有限公司
上海市黄浦区湖滨路150号企业天地商业中心5号楼6楼
邮政编码: 200021
电话: 021-61096666

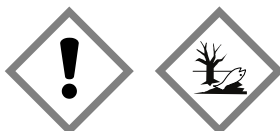
Emergency telephone number : +86 532 83889090

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 1
AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 4%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 4%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Remarks : Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	>95	95-33-0
Cyclohexanamine	<0.4	108-91-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Section 4. First-aid measures

- Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical powder.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
sulfur oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Precautions for safe handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
- Remarks** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
China Cyclohexanamine	GBZ 2.1 (China, 4/2007). PC-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PC-STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Hong Kong Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Labour Department, OS&H Branch (Hong Kong, 4/2002). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Recommended: Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. After contamination with product change the gloves immediately and dispose of them according to relevant national and local regulations
Recommended: (< 1 hour) Nitrile rubber - NBR , Polyvinyl chloride - PVC , Polychloroprene - CR

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Wear protective clothing. Possible: Permeation resistant gloves Permeation resistant clothing and foot protection.
Other skin protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Wear protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Dust-protection mask

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Solid. [Granules]
Colour	: Grey. [Light]
Odour	: Characteristic. [Slight]
Odour threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Melting point	: >98°C (>208,4°F)
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not available.
Burning rate	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Risk of dust explosion	: In the case of dusty organic products the possibility of a dust explosion should always be considered.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: <0.0001 hPa (25°C)
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 1,3 kg/L (20°C)
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: <0,001 g/l (water) Insoluble in the following materials: cold water
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: >145°C (>293°F)
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation. In the case of dusty organic products the possibility of a dust explosion should always be considered. No hazardous reactions when used as directed.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	5300 mg/kg	-	-
Cyclohexanamine	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	432 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	150 to 1660 mg/kg	-	-
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>7940 mg/kg	-	-
Cyclohexanamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	275 to 1000 mg/kg	-	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0,17	24 hours	-
	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	0	24 hours	-
	Eyes - Draize	Rabbit	1,8	24 hours	-
Cyclohexanamine	Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	1 minutes	8 days

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolesulfenamide:Slight irritant

Eyes : N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolesulfenamide:Slight irritant

Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	skin	Human	Sensitising

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
Cyclohexanamine	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value (Acute Toxicity Estimates)
Not available.	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilization Test ISO 8192	Acute EC50 0,79 mg/l	<i>Daphnia</i> - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l	Micro-organism - activated sludge	3 hours
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute IC50 0,15 mg/l	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella</i> <i>subcapitata</i>	72 hours
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute LC50 2,1 mg/l	Fish - <i>Oryzias</i> <i>latipes</i>	96 hours
	OECD 211 <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Reproduction Test	Chronic NOEC 0, 058 mg/l	<i>Daphnia</i> - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	OECD 204 Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test: 14-Day Study ISO 8192	Chronic NOEC 0, 14 mg/l	Fish - <i>Oryzias</i> <i>latipes</i>	14 days
		EC50 2152 mg/l	Bacteria - activated sludge	3 hours
	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilization Test	Acute EC50 36,3 mg/l	<i>Daphnia</i> - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute IC50 29,3 mg/l	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella</i> <i>subcapitata</i>	72 hours
	OECD 204 Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test: 14-Day Study	Acute LC50 19 mg/l	Fish - <i>Oryzias</i> <i>latipes</i>	14 days
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute LC50 33 mg/l	Fish - <i>Oryzias</i> <i>latipes</i>	96 hours
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Chronic NOEC 10,3 mg/l	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella</i> <i>subcapitata</i>	72 hours
	-	Chronic NOEC 1, 6 mg/l	<i>Daphnia</i> - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Cyclohexanamine				

Persistence/degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	OECD 301C Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	0 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
Cyclohexanamine	EU C.4 E - Closed bottle test.	92 % - Readily - 20 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	Fresh water 0,5 days	50%; 0.2 day(s)	Not readily
Cyclohexanamine	-	50%; 0.29 day(s)	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

N-Cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazole sulfenamide	5	924,7	high
Cyclohexanamine	3,7	-	low

Mobility in soil

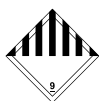
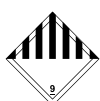
Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	China	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (N-CYCLOHEXYL-2-BENZOTHAZOLESULPHENAMIDE)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (N-CYCLOHEXYL-2-BENZOTHAZOLESULPHENAMIDE)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (N-CYCLOHEXYL-2-BENZOTHAZOLESULPHENAMIDE)
Transport hazard class(es)	9 	9 	9 
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes	Yes	Yes
Special precautions for user		Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F	Passenger aircraft 956: 400 kg Cargo aircraft 956: 400 kg

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Hazard notes:

Environmentally hazardous substance.
Keep separated from foodstuffs.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Following regulations were referred :

1. Regulations of the Safety Administration of Dangerous Chemicals
2. Safety rules for classification, precautionary labeling and precautionary statements of chemicals for Chemicals in China (GB20576~20602)
3. Lists of dangerous goods (GB12268-2005)
4. Safety Data Sheet for Chemical Products -Content and Order of Sections (GB/T16483-2008)
5. Classification and Code of Dangerous Goods (GB6944-2005)
6. General rule for classification and hazard communication of chemicals (GB 13690-2009)
7. List of hazardous waste (2008.08.01)
8. List of hazardous chemicals(2002)
9. Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace Part 1: Chemical hazardous agents

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2014-08-21
Date of previous issue : No previous validation
Version : 1

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe the products in terms of their safety requirements. The above details do not imply any guarantee concerning composition, properties or performance.